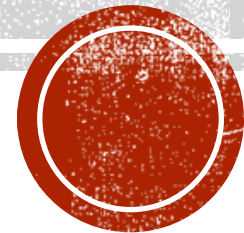


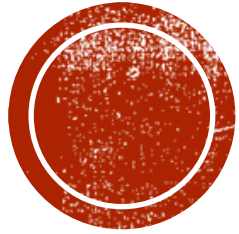
TRADEMARK PROTECTION IN INDONESIA

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS, CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

Directorate General of Intellectual Property
Ministry of Law and Human Rights Republic of Indonesia

www.dgip.go.id

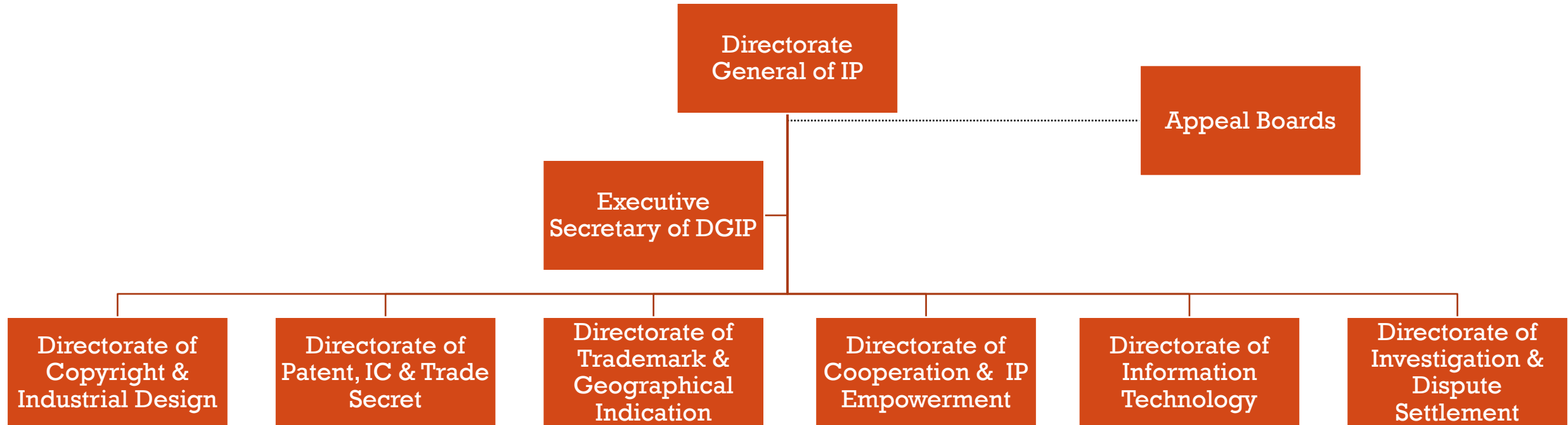




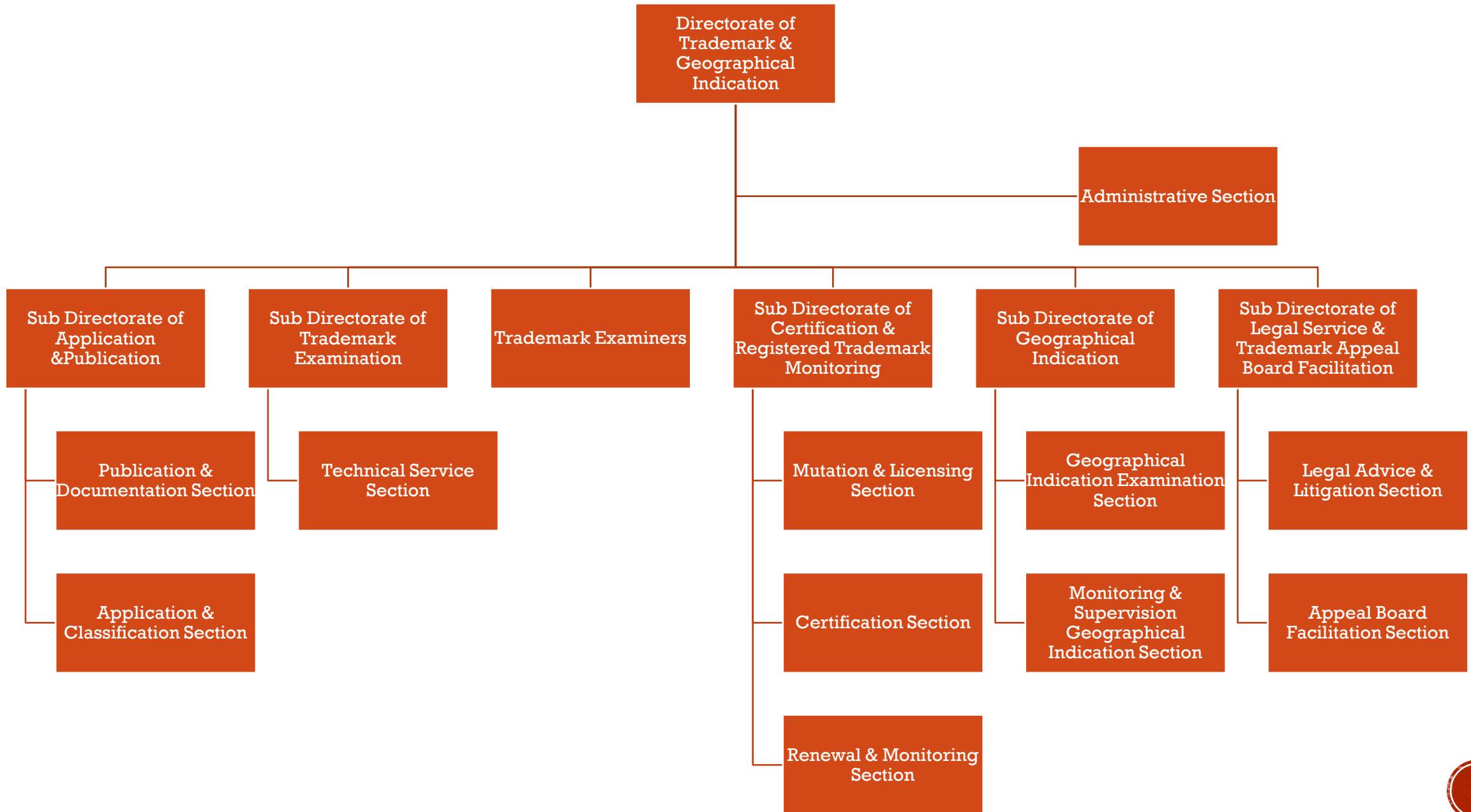
DGIP PROFILE



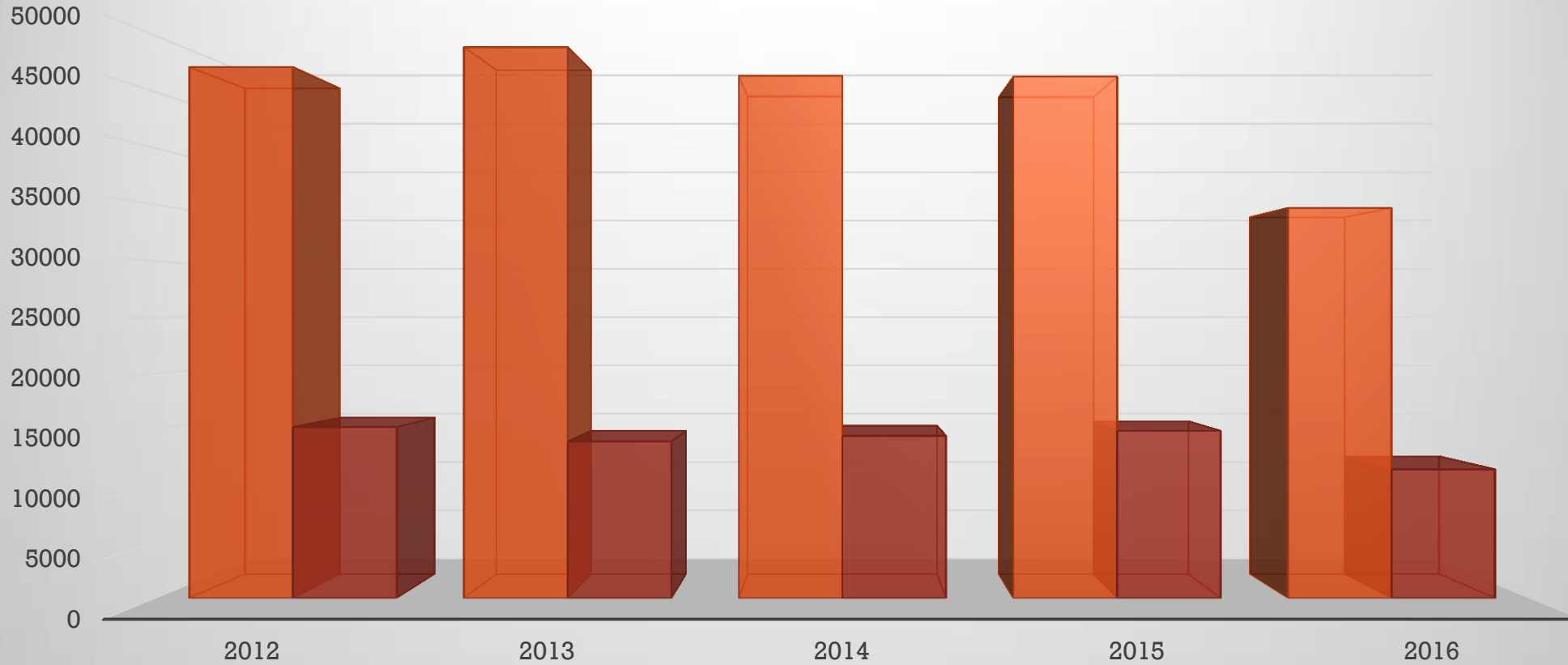
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART (DGIP)



Organizational Chart (Trademark)



National & Foreign Application

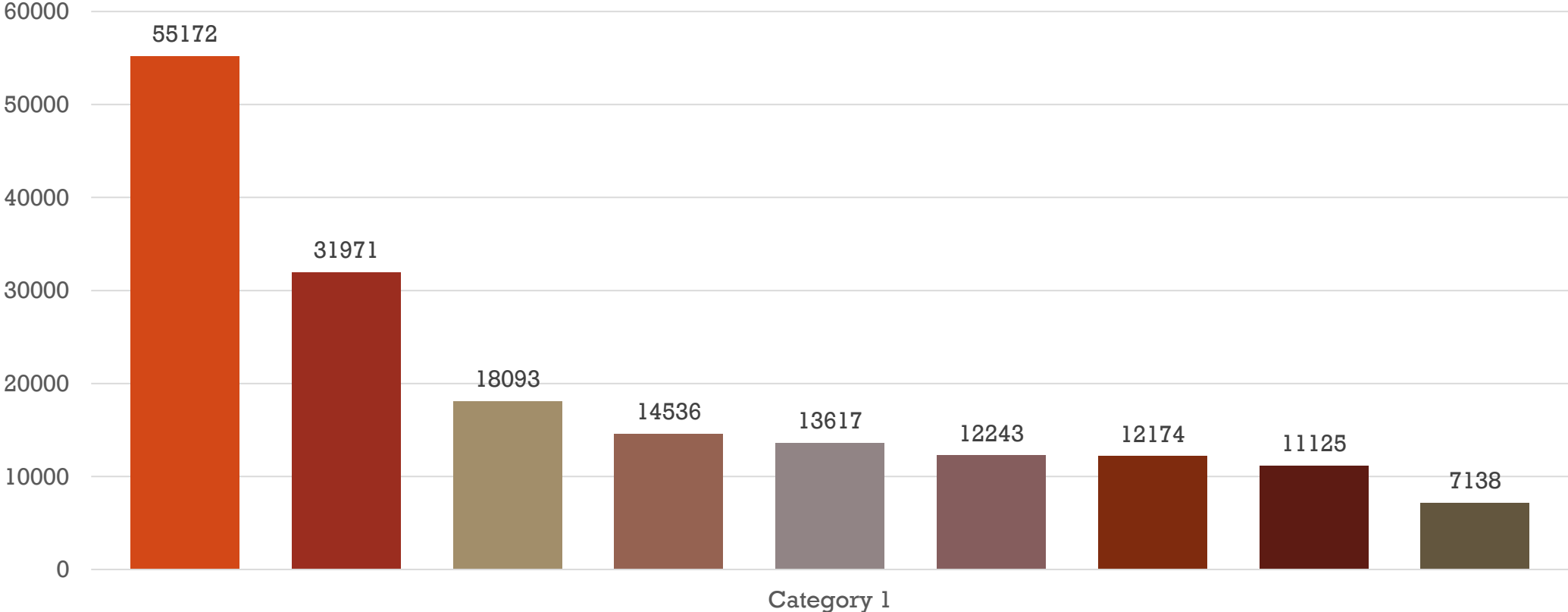


	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
National Applications	47229	49001	46448	46381	34717
Foreign Application	15226	13948	14446	14886	11471

■ National Applications
 ■ Foreign Application

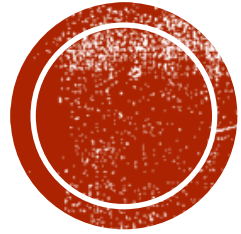


Top Ten Fillers in the Last 5 Years



USA Japan Germany Switzerland Singapore France UK China Netherlands





LATEST DEVELOPMENTS

Extracted 31 Dec 2015

1. THE NEW TRADEMARK LAW

- The new Trademark Law has been enacted on 27 October 2016.
- To simplify the requirements
- To shorten the procedures
- Expanding the scope of trademark



APPLICATION WORKFLOW BASED ON THE NEW TRADEMARK LAW

Application

- Formality check within 15 working days.
- Minimum Requirements to obtain filing date

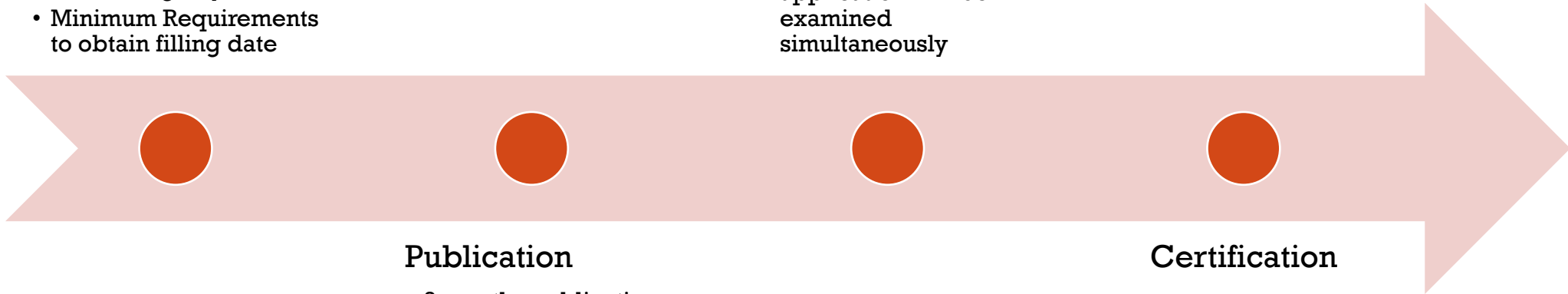
Examination

- Applications will be examined within 150 working days.
- If any opposition, the application will be examined simultaneously

Publication

- 2 months publication

Certification



- **The definition of trademark based on the new trademark law.**

Sign that can be represented graphically in the form of images, logos, names, words, letters, numbers, composition of colors, in the form of two dimensions and/or three dimensions, sound, hologram, or a combination of the two or more of said elements to distinguish the goods and/or services produced by the person or undertaking in the trading of goods and/or services.



2. ADMINISTRATIVE PREPARATIONS PRE ACCESSION.

- Enhancing the IT system
- Reducing the backlog
- Comparative study by visiting and inviting other Trademark Offices
- Regular Consultation with IB
- Appointing the new examiners



3. ISSUES RELATING TO DECLARATIONS

- In accordance with Article 5(2)(b) of the Protocol, Indonesia is going to declare that the time limit to notify a refusal of protection shall be 18 months.
- In accordance with Article 8(7)(a) of the Protocol, Indonesia is going to declare that it wants to receive an individual fee, instead of a share in the revenue produced by the supplementary and complementary fee.
- In accordance with Article 14(5) of the Protocol, Indonesia is going to declare that the protection resulting from any international registration effected under this Protocol before the date of entry into force of this Protocol with respect to it can not be extended to indonesia.
- As provided for by Rule 20bis(6)(b) of the Common Regulations under the Protocol, the recording of licenses in the International Register shall have no effect in Indonesia



THANK YOU

